

## **PSIW 2022**

## **Western Disease Update**

## Agenda

Organized by production type

Generalities across provinces

Provincial Case Studies



# **Meat Turkey Production**





- Starvation: Chronic multifactorial disease
  - Poor lighting, litter picking, behavioural
  - Poor water quality and availability
  - Drafts or poor ventilation in barns creating crowding problems



#### Round Heart

- Spontaneous cardiomyopathy
- Ventilation, temperature, salt, genetics, ??
- Deaths usually occur in the first 4 weeks
- Post mortem finding: Enlarged heart
  - Swollen liver
  - Congested lungs
- Potential improvement: increase number of dark hours



Image source: Dr. Tyra Dickson, Poultry Extension Veterinarian - Saskatchewan



#### Colibacillosis

- Noted in Saskatchewan, Alberta, Manitoba
- Potential link to difficult start causing immune suppression
  - Brooding
  - Transportation stress
  - Poult quality
- Water sanitation





- Coccidiosis (Alberta and British Columbia)
  - Flocks on Ionophores or chemical
  - Various feed companies
  - Breaks in coccidiosis between 4 and 5 weeks of age
- Manitoba: Most turkeys are Raised Without Antibiotics
  - Enteritis
  - E.coli



# Meat Turkeys: Interesting Case in BC

- Histomoniasis (Blackhead)
  - Fewer cases than previous 2 years but still present
  - Observed earlier than normal this year
    - Cluster of cases in the last 2 months
  - Morbidity and mortality vary between farms
  - Risk factors:
    - Darkling beetles? Hot weather?
  - Effect of the BC floods?



Image source: nadis.org.uk



## **Broiler Breeder Production**





#### **High First Week Mortality**

- Supply chain disruption
- Poor doing chicks
- Yolk Sac Infection
- Early Systemic Bacterial Infection
  - E.coli
  - Enterococcus





#### • Egg Yolk Peritonitis

- Stable in presence
- Around peak of lay
- Quick recovery
- E.coli is the primary agent

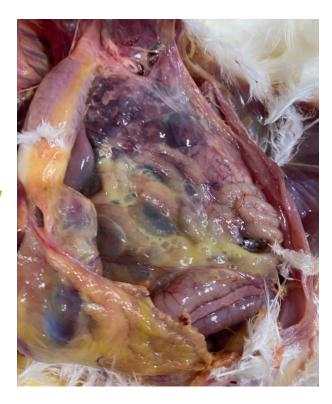




Image source: merckvetmanual.com

Image source: Dr. Alix Nelson, Maple Leaf Foods



Bacterial Lameness

Consistently common (some report uncommon)

- Staph Aureus
- Mostly males
- Gut integrity
  - Coccidiosis control
  - Feed changes
- Body weights



Image source: Dr. Alix Nelson, Maple Leaf Foods

- Histomoniasis (Blackhead)
  - Chickens are typically asymptomatic
  - Higher than normal mortality, but still low
  - Dilated cecal cores on pathology
  - Histopathology
  - Stressful periods (peak production)
  - Heterakis and Protozoa in the ceca



- Management Issues
  - Overweight breeders
    - Femoral head necrosis, staphylococcus infections, tenosynovitis
    - Reactionary feed changes
  - Corn diets changing how the birds are fattening out
  - Pseudomonas in the waterlines



Image source: Dr. Alix Nelson, Maple Leaf

## Broiler Breeder: Alberta Case

- Gangrenous Dermatitis
  - After vaccination
  - Hot summer months
  - Severe spike in mortality
    - Clostridium septicum
    - Clostridium perfringens
    - Staph aureus





## Broiler Breeders: British Columbia Case

• Infectious Laryngotracheitis in

#### **British Columbia**

- Pullets as they come into production
- Peak of lay breeders
- Clinical signs for approx. 1 week
  - Worse when paired with yolk peritonitis
- Common and increasing
- Risk factors: high density poultry area



Image source: Dr. Gigi Lin, Canadian Poultry Consultants Ltd.

## Broiler Breeders: Saskatchewan case

- Fowl Cholera in Saskatchewan: Dr. Tyra Dickson
  - Pasteurella multocida
  - 10 week old cockerels
  - Mortality due to lameness (affecting cockerels only)
    - Relatively low mortality
  - Necropsy findings: Purulent arthritis affecting bilateral femorotibiotarso (knee) and hock joints



Image source: the poultry site.com



## **Broiler Production**





Yolk Sac Infection and Early Systemic Bacterial Infection



- Late Systemic Bacterial Infection
  - Ecoli and Enterococcus
    - Vertebral osteomyelitis







- Inclusion Body Hepatitis
  - Currently decreased in prevalence
  - 8b predominated early in the year
  - Now 8c?
  - Potential forecast to increase in the next few months?



- Reo Virus and Infectious Bursal Disease
  - Neither virus currently has a high prevalence
    - Bursal disease not common in Alberta compared to the other provinces
  - Reo virus working more as an immune compromising agent that allows for a secondary bacterial infection than a lameness issue
  - Potential forecast for reovirus to increase:
    - Reovirus titres have been high in some breeder serology surveillance programs,
       previously this occurred right before an increase in broiler reo cases

- Condemnations
  - BC: Cellulitis and hepatitis
    - Condemns are low this year!
  - AB, SK: Cellulitis and myopathy







# **Broilers: Interesting Case in BC**

- Infectious Bronchitis Virus: Case Presented by: Dr. Amy

  Taylor (Sunrise)
  - Broilers at 32 and 34 days of age
  - Producers had been noticing "swollen heads"
  - Ecoli and IBV co-infection
  - Clinical signs: Birds with eyes shut, sinuses were completely swollen, birds had gurgling noises that were heard and felt through the chest, facial edema on post mortem





Image source: Dr, Amy Taylor, Sunrise Poultry

*E. coli* isolated from Poultry at PDS 2021

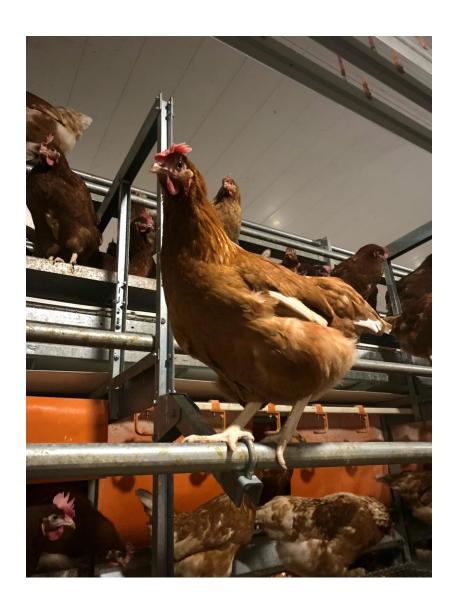
E.coli isolated from Poultry 2021							
Antimicrobial	Number tested	Sensitiv e %	Inter- mediate %	Resist- ant %			
Amoxicillin	183	68.85	2.73	28.42			
Enrofloxacin	183	97.27	2.73	0			
Erythromycin	183	Intrinsic R					
Gentamycin	193	75 96	0	24.04			
Tetracycline	183	61.75	0	38.25			
Neomycin	183	92.9	2.73	4.37			
Penicillin	193	Intrinsic R					
Trimethoprim /Sulfa	183	91.9	1.09	7.1			
Spectinomyci n	183	90.16	3.83	6.01			
Sulfisoxazole	183	73.77	0	26.23			
Lincomycin	183	Intrinsic R					

Source: WeCAHN

# *E. coli* isolated from Poultry UCVM DSU Q1 2022

		E. coli		
	Teste			
Antimicrobial	d	R (%)	S (%)	I (%)
Amoxicillin	21	42.86	57.14	0
Clindamycin	21	0	0	100
Enrofloxacin	21	0	90.48	9.52
Erythromycin	21		0	100
Gentamicin	21		76.19	0
Neomycin	21	9.52	80.95	9.52
Oxytetracycline	21	33.33	66.67	0
Penicillin	21	0	0	100
Spectinomycin	21	9.52	90.48	0
Sulphadimethoxine	21	33.33	66.67	0
Tetracycline	21	33.33	66.67	0
rrimethoprim/				
Sulfamethoxazole	21	4.76	95.24	0

# **Egg Layer Production**





## Layers: Commonalities Across The West

- Egg Yolk Peritonitis
  - Stable in BC and Saskatchewan
    - Potentially because of the E.coli vaccine
  - Increasing in Alberta
    - Water quality
    - Lack of E.coli vaccine?
  - Clinical signs: waxing and waning mortality,
     particularly around peak production
  - Outdoor birds have the largest challenge



# Layers: Commonalities Across The West

- Pullet Vaccination Titers
  - Still work to be done on improving pullet vaccination
    - But they are improving!
  - Pullets coming into production are moved into the lay barn
  - Significant decrease in production in the older flock
    - Bronchitis
    - Avian encephalomyelitis



## Egg Layers: Interesting cases

- Infectious Bronchitis in British Columbia
  - Case Presented by: Dr. Gigi Lin (Canadian Poultry Consultants Ltd.)
    - Suboptimal peak level (90% versus 97/98%)
    - Maintained very low production after peak (approx. 80%)
    - Interesting: No change in egg shell quality
    - Isolated IBV (California strain) from cecal tonsils



## Egg Layers: Interesting cases

- ILT in British Columbia
  - Constant and stable in prevalence (last 2-3 years)
  - Spreads and infects easily
  - Clinical signs: similar to breeders, with typically low mortality and recovery in about one week



Image source: Dr. Gigi Lin, Canadian Poultry Consultants Ltd.

## Egg Layers: Interesting case in Manitoba

- Heat Stress in Leghorns (and broilers)
  - Uncharacteristically high temperatures for a couple of days 37C+ with high humidity.
  - Leghorns in various stages of production.



# **Small Flocks**





## Small Flocks: Commonalities Across The West

- Mycoplasma gallisepticum
- Infectious Coryza
- Infectious Laryngotracheitis
- Mareks
- Ovarian adenocarcinoma
- HPAI?





# Small Flocks: Helping companion animal veterinarians





## A Difficult Year for Poultry

#### 1) Floods in British Columbia (late 2021)

- 10 poultry farms in the Fraser Valley were affected
  - 1 poultry farm is still being renovated after the damage
- The army was trained quickly as chicken catchers
- Still in progress: Remediation work on the dyke and pumping system, repairs to infrastructure (including road and railway), and drinking water

## A Difficult Year for Poultry

#### 2) High Pathogenic Avian Influenza

- British Columbia: 22
  - 4 since September 1 (1 commercial)
- Alberta: 55
  - 16 since September 1 (13 commercial)
- Saskatchewan: 22
  - 9 since September 1 (5 commercial)
- Manitoba: 13
  - 10 since September 1 (9 commercial)
- Many cases had no gross lesions of HPAI or other diseases.
- Al presented with very few clinical signs except mortality



#### But some wins!

- Coming together as in industry during difficult times
- Two new poultry veterinarians in Western Canada!





Dr. Amy Taylor, Sunrise Poultry



Dr. Alix Nelson, Maple Leaf Foods

# THANK YOU

